

# Manufacture of Illicit Drugs in NZ Context & Response





#### International faces of meth







#### **New Zealand faces of meth**





































#### **Overview**

- Methamphetamine contamination in New Zealand
- Impact of meth contamination
- NZ societal response
- Reducing effects of meth
- What we can learn from NZ's meth experience





# Why all the fuss?

Methamphetamine is an environmental contaminant that produces actual adverse health effects\*

\* Dr. Jackie Wright enRiskS and Flinders University







# Meth Lab Effects – Health Short Term Exposure – Acute symptoms

- Headaches
- Watery or burning eyes
- Nausea
- Burning skin
- Sleep disorders
- Respiratory irritation







# Meth Lab Effects – Health Longer Term Exposure – Chronic

- Cancer
- Damage to kidneys and liver
- Birth defects
- Reproductive problems
- Death
- Children at proportionately higher risk







# Meth Homes – Health Longer Term Exposure – Chronic

- Persistent cough
- Shortness of breath/dizziness
- Decrease in cognitive function
- Behavioural issues
- Sleep disorders
- Skin issues





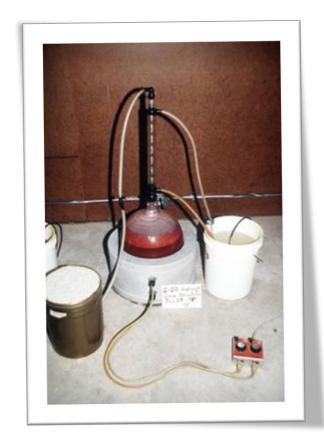


#### **Manufacture**

- Ingredients are readily available
- Process is relatively simply
- Lab set up in an hour or less
- Pseudoephedrine/Contact added to ingredients:
  - Drain cleaner
  - Battery acid
  - Brake fluid & anti-freeze
  - Lantern fuel
  - Solvents toluene
  - lodine
  - Lithium batteries
- Immediate Contamination







# **Fixing up Meth Contamination**

#### What happens

- Cooking produces gases/vapour
- Contaminants enter fabric of building
- Toxic and persistent

#### Remedy

- Wash
- Use chemical decontaminant
- Strip back
- Rip out
- Remove
- Replace







#### **Benchmarks for Action**

- 0.5 μg Acceptable levels in 2010 NZ Guidelines
  - No reference to use related contamination
- 1.5 and 3.8 µg Acceptable levels in 2017 Standard
  - Applies to use or manufacture

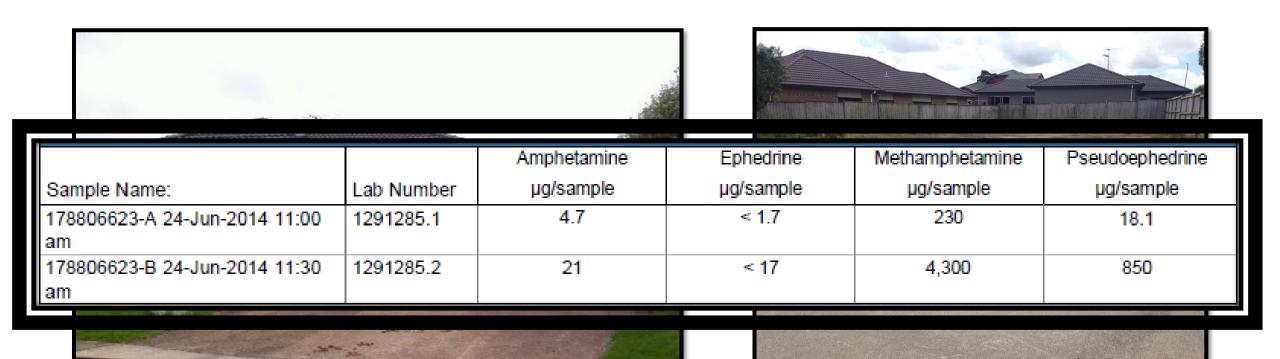


- 0.5 μg Acceptable levels in 2011 Australian Guidelines
  - > Specifically mentions use related contamination as unacceptable
- 0.5 μg Australian enHealth 2017 recommendations
  - Specifically mentions use related contamination as unacceptable





#### Meth Lab in a suburban home







# **Meth Lab in an apartment**

		4.44			
		Amphetamine	Ephedrine	Methamphetamine	Pseudoephedrine
Sample Name:	Lab Number	μg/sample	μg/sample	μg/sample	μg/sample
180009615 A 28-Apr-2017	1766473.1	4.7	25	1,470	< 1.7
180009615 B 28-Apr-2017	1766473.2	7.0	1.14	177	< 0.17
180009615 C 28-Apr-2017	1766473.3	1.96	0.46	60	< 0.17
180009615 D 28-Apr-2017	1766473.4	0.95	0.20	26	< 0.02
180009615 E 28-Apr-2017	1766473.5	9.3	11.3	1,580	< 1.7
180009615 F 28-Apr-2017	1766473.6	2.4	1.17	122	< 0.17
180009615 G 28-Apr-2017	1766473.7	0.76	5.8	197	< 0.17
		- 600			





#### 7 months later











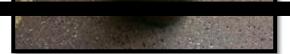
# Meth Lab in a commercial premise





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Amphetamine	μg/sample	1.44	1.13	2.3	410	1,480
Ephedrine	μg/sample	0.34	0.54	1.36	< 17	< 17
Methamphetamine	μg/sample	97	90	183	22,000	39,000
Pseudoephedrine	μg/sample	< 0.17	< 0.17	0.64	< 17	< 17









#### How is meth used

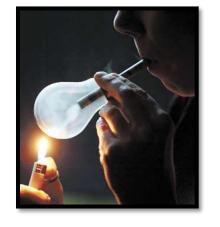




Point bag = 0.1 gram







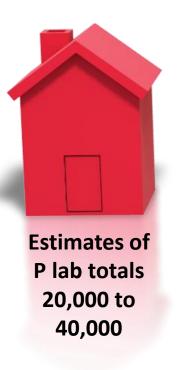


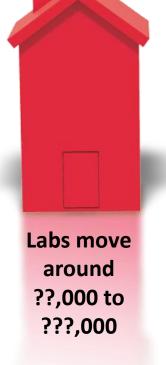




#### The Scale of New Zealand's Meth Contamination







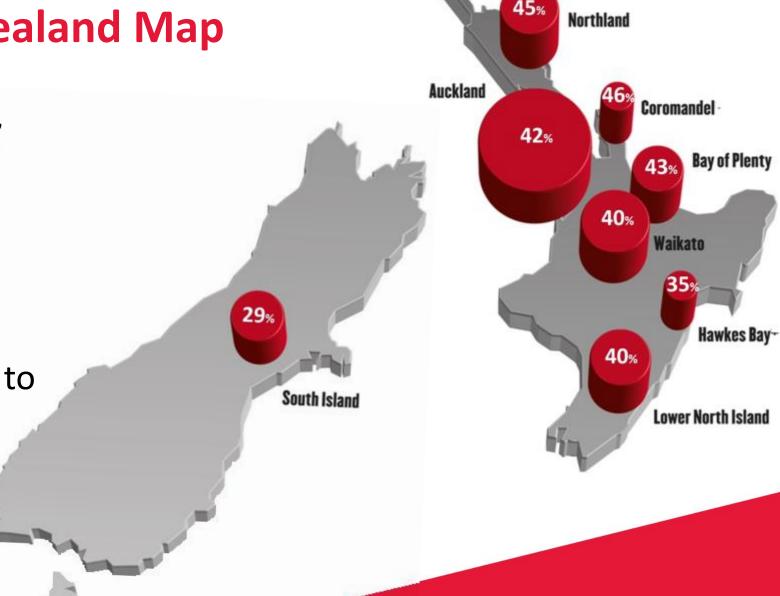






# **MethSolutions New Zealand Map**

- Figures as at 30 June 2017
- Percentages indicate the proportion of properties identified with Meth Contamination
- Circle size is in proportion to the number of properties tested in each area

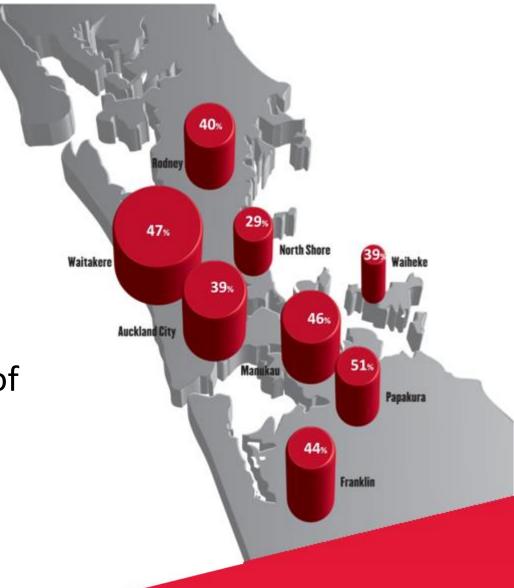






### **MethSolutions Auckland Map**

- Figures as at 30 September 2017
- Percentages indicate the proportion of properties identified with Meth Contamination
- Circle size is in proportion to the number of properties tested in each area







# **Meth Consequences – Health and Wellbeing**

- Health risk not being measured
- Real world research identifies risks
- Strong emotional response/impact







# **Meth Consequences – \$\$\$\$\$**

MethSolutions Screening Assessments	\$159+		
Contaminated Site Inspection	\$2,000 to \$3,000		
Decontamination	\$10,000 to \$50,000+		
Post Decontamination retesting	\$2,000 to \$3,000+		
Fit out	\$5,000 to \$50,000+		
Loss of Rent	\$?,000		
Loss of Value of Property	\$??,000		
Reaction of Banks	\$??,000		
Future Liability and Health	\$???,000		





#### **HNZ 2015-16**

# \$201/1





#### HNZ 2016-17

# \$521





#### **A New Standard**

- Pan Societal Committee
- Acceptable post-decon levels increased
  - > 1.5 µg/100sqcm in high use areas
  - > 3.8 μg/100sqcm in low use areas
- Standards for testing
- Standards for testers
- Standards for decontamination

NZS 8510





#### Invest in 'real world' health focused science

 Acceptable levels should be as high as possible WITHOUT compromising Health, Safety and Wellbeing

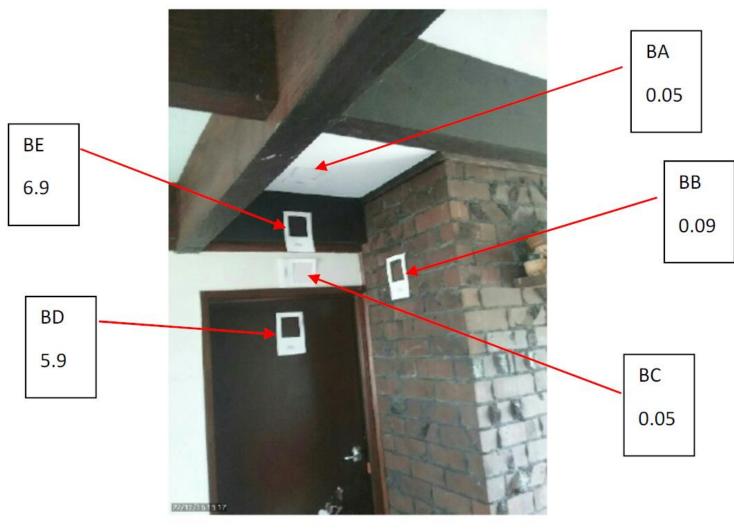


**COST SAVINGS** 





#### **Increase Sampling Consistency**



- If BB, BE or BD are selected an additional sample SHALL be taken Section 3.3.3.1 (f) & (g)
- If BA or BC are selected no additional sample needs to be taken
- Health Safety and Wellbeing implications?
- Economic implications?
- Service provider liability?





# **Proactive Property MethManagement strategies**

**Test** for use



Monitor for meth manufacture 24/7 in real time







## **Putting Focus on Environmental Risks**







### Frameworks for Decisions Making

- Framework for decision making
- Low cost/high efficacy screening tests
- Bright line test for decision making
- Disclosure obligations make it visible
- Clear actions for remedy
- Clear responsibilities/actions for authorities

+20,000





### **Summary**

- The risk is real
- It's impacts are profound
- Our response must be measured
- Our response must be coordinated
- Decision making frameworks are essential







#### **Contact Us**

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